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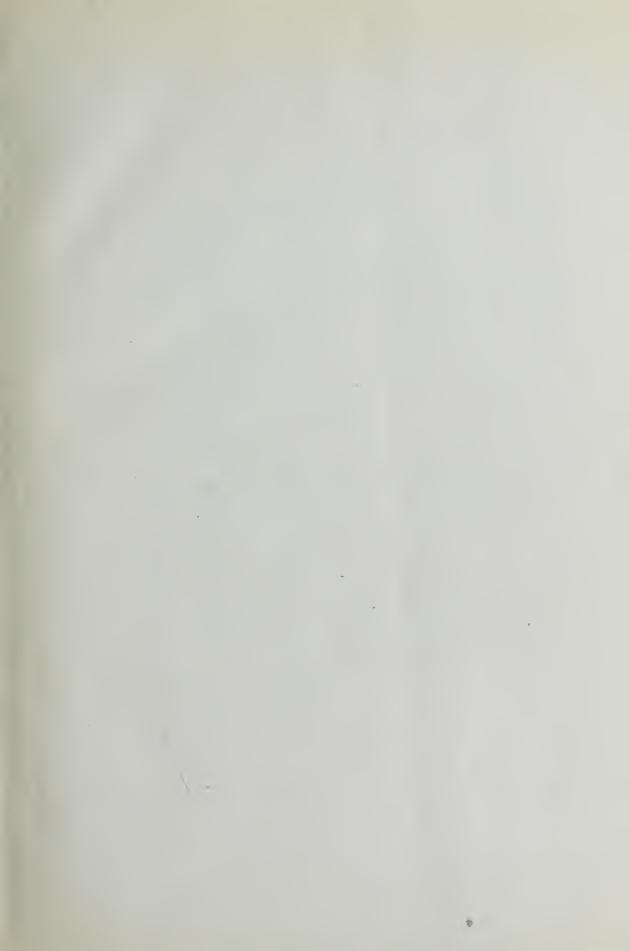


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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Bureau of Agricultural Economics

1946

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL TRADE WITH CANADA 1937

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Washington, D. C. March 1938

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UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL TRADE WITH CANADA

Exports of American agricultural products to Canada in 1937 continued to show a marked increase over exports in 1936 and over the exports of the 2 preceding years. Imports of agricultural products from Canada, on the other hand, were smaller in 1937 than in 1936, although they were larger than in 1935.

The increased exports to Canada have been due in part to reductions in Canadian duties resulting from the trade agreement and in part to improved conditions and larger purchasing power in Canada. In 1937, larger crops and increased export supplies in the United States also were important factors.

The decline in imports of agricultural products from Canada in 1937, as compared with 1936, was due chiefly to the cessation of our imports of wheat from that country after the large domestic crop became available in the middle of 1937.

On the export side the principal developments have been:

- 1. A marked increase in exports of American fruits and vegetables to Canada in both 1936 and 1937, compared with exports in 1935, the year before the trade agreement went into effect.
 - 2. An increase in exports of grains to and through Canada in 1937.
 - 3. Small exports of livestock and meat to Canada.

On the import side, in addition to much smaller takings of Canadian wheat, the outstanding developments have been:

- 1. Continued large imports of cattle from Canada, chiefly because of high prices in this country and improved consumer demand in 1936 and most of 1937.
- 2. Reduced imports of cheese from Canada in 1937 compared with imports in 1936.
- 3. Larger 1937 imports of hay, grass, and forage seeds, reflecting the drought damage of 1936.

The following tabulations give an analysis of the total trade between the United States and Canada, broken down between agricultural and non-agricultural products. The text discusses the trends of exports of agricultural products from the United States to Canada and the trend of the trade in principal import items on which the United States granted duty reductions to Canada.

TAPLE 1. UNITED STATES: Emperts to Canada, by quart rs, 1935-1937

Clastification	: 1935	1936	1351	: Increase or decrease
	:	•	<u>u</u> /	:1937 over 1936
	: Thousand	: Thousand		: Thousand
	: dellars	: dollars :	dollars	: dollars
All commodities -				•
First quarter	: 67,792 :	75,953 :	95,372	+19,419
Second quarter				
Third quarter				
Fourth quarter			123,971	
12 months		368,889		
Nona ricultural -	•			•
First quarter	: 57,743	64,446 :	32,772	: 418,326
Second quarter			121,368	+ 36,252
Trird quarter	: 71,078 :		: 1.17,226	: +37,113
Fourth quarter		86,831	103,635	
12 months		316,555	425,051	: +108,495
Agricultural -	•	•	•	
First quarter	: 10,049		: 12,600	: :1,093
Second quarter			: 16,959	+ 3,057
Third quarter	: 9,425		: 16,784	
Fourth quarter				
12 months	: 143,844	52,333	66,629	: +14,296
Agricultural on which	:	•	•	•
duties were reduced	:	•	•	•
under the agreement	:	•		:
First quarter	: 3,562		5,500	
Second quarter				
Third quarter				
Fourth quarter			10,821	: +7,231
12 months	: 12,298	17,229	33,283	: +16,054
Other agricultural -	:	:	•	•
First quarter				
Second quarter				
Third quarter			6,355	: -640
Fourth quarter				: -3,254
12 months	: 31,546		33,346	: -1,75g

Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

a/ Preliminary.

The upward trend in exports from the United States of agricultural items on which the Canadian import duties were reduced by the trade agreement was continued through 1937. Figures for each quarter of the year were larger than those for the preceding quarter, and also larger than figures for the corresponding 1936 period. The advances over 1936 were particularly large in the last two quarters of 1937, principally because

the larger grain crops of the United States permitted resumption of exporting. Much of the grain exported to Canada was en route to Europe, but the 1937 takings for consumption in Canada were also larger than in 1936.

TABLE 2. UNITED STATES: Imports from Canada, by quarters, 1935-1937

:	:	_	1937	: Increase or
Classification	: 1935	: 1936	a/	: decrease
	•	•	:	:1937 over 1936
:		: Thousand		
	dollars	dollars	dollars	: dollars
All commodities -	,	·	:	:
First quarter				
Second quarter				
Third quarter	73.705:		: 101,013	
Fourth quarter				
12 months	286,112	377,553	394,245	: +16,692
Nonagricultural -		•	•	•
First quarter	45,785			: +14,857
Second quarter		66,769	: 33,901	: +17,132
Third quarter:	58,464	72,187	: 84,077	: +11,890
Fourth quarter	62,274	79,246	: 76,524	
12 months		275,307	: 316,464	. + 41 , 157
Agricultural b/ -		•	•	•
First quarter	12,469	16,924	27,932	: +11,008
Second quarter	16,427	19,022	25,201	+6, 179
Third quarter	15,241	30,455	: 16,936	: -13,519
Fourth quarter		35,845	: 7,712	: -28,133
12 months	64,326	102,246		
Agricultural on which		•	·	•
duties were reduced		•	:	:
under the agreement c/		•	•	:
First quarter	2,136	3,693	: 6,561	: +2,868
Second quarter		6,175	: 5,146	: -1,029
Third quarter	1,062	3,343	: 6,079	+2, 736
Fourth quarter		2,861	: 3,154	: + 293
12 months			: 20,940	: +4,868
Other agricultural -	•	•	:	:
First quarter	10,333	13,231	: 21,371	+8,140
Second quarter		12,847	20,055
Third quarter	: 14,179			
Fourth quarter	19,116 :	32,954		
12 months	56,523	36, 174	: 56,841	: -29,333
Compiled from official reco	ords of the	Bureau of	Foreign and	Domestic Com-

Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

a/ Preliminary.

b/ Does not include distilled liquors.

c/ 1935 figures include a few nonconcession items not separately classified prior to January 1, 1936.

Increases in imports in 1937 over 1935 and 1936 of items upon thich the United States duties were lowered were much less striling than the increases in exports. In soit of the larger imports of cattle, poultry, har, forego seeds, and certain fruits, the smaller imports of cheese, turnips, and mable sugar kept the 1937 increase in total imports of concession items at a moderate level.

Exports of Concession Items

Unadjusted figures for grain and grain products (table 7) suggest that the 1937 exports to Canada of United States wheat, rice, and other items were about 11 times as valuable as in the corresponding 1936 period. Such an advance would represent most of the apparent increase over 1936 in the value of all agricultural exports to Canada upon which Canadian duties were reduced. Because of the in-transit business in grain, however, the Canadian records indicated 1937 imports of United States grains and products to be only two and one-half times as large as the 1936 imports. Exports of oats to Canada, a consession item and included in the entry "other grains and grain products," emounted to \$1,492,000 in 1937, a heavy increase over the 1936 figures. The Canadian import record confirms the 1937 United States export figures for oats. Canada, however, reports smaller imports of American dorn and rice in 1937 than in 1936.

The larger 1937 emport movement to Conada of fruits and their preparations is well substantiated by the Canadian import records, specially of fresh fruits. This group of products is one in which Canada is normally deficient. Larger United States export figures, therefore, indicate a larger utilization of such products by Canadiah consumers. Table 3 shows an increase of 11.1 percent in the 1937 export figures for the fruit group over the comparable 1936 total. Of the larger items, fresh grapofruit made the greatest percentage gain in value, with oranges a close second. Exports of apples and pears, however, while larger in volume than in 1936, showed a recline of about 38 percent in value. Substantial increases over 1936 were register d in the exports of all classes of fruit products. The export value of canned fruit increased by 53.2 percent in 1937, while that of dried fruit went up 16.4 percent. Canada has also been utilizing more vegetables from the United States this year than last, especially fresh vegetables. The export value of the whole vegetable group in the 1937 period was 15.5 percent larger than in 1936. Increased emports of tomatoes helped materially to bring exports of fresh vegetables, other than potatoes, to a figure 18.3 percentabove last year's exports.

The 1937 emports to Canada of livestock and meat continue to show the retarding effects of relatively high prices in the United States. Exports of live animals, other than poultry, in 1937 registered a gain of 23.1 percent over the reduced 1936 figures as to value, but the value of total meat exports in the 1937 period was 33.3 percent below the

corresponding 1936 value, with the quantity also sharply reduced. The smaller export movement of pork has been especially marked and should be discontinued further because of the usual transit trade of those items through Canada to other countries. Of lard, the leading item among "other animal products," Canada is shown as taking smaller quantities in 1937. Of the miscellaneous group of concession items listed in table 3, fruit juices represent the only increase of importance in the 1937 exports from the United States over comparable 1936 figures.

TABLE 3. UNITED STATES: Exports to Canada of agricultural commodities on

which duties were reduced, 1936 and 1937

0 111	* **	Quant	ity :	Value	
Commodity	Unit	1936 :1.937 a/:		1936 :	1937 ล/
	•	:	0	1,000:	1,000
Animals -	:	:	: 6	dollars:	ollars
Horses	Head :	314:	370: ⁻	83:	89
Live poultry	Thousand 1b. :	35:	25:	17:	15
Other	• • •	<u> </u>	- :	263:	3773
Total animals		- :	- :	368:	447
Meats -	•		:	:	
Pork, pickled or salted	Thousand lb. :	3,127:	1,991:	358:	258
Pork, cured <u>b</u> /	do :	714:	393:	139:	78
Pork, canned		269:	26:	88:	11
Pork, fresh	do:	77:	56:	10:	5
Other meats		520:	387 :	104:	79.
Total meats	<u></u> (30	4,707:		699:	4.31
Other animal products	:	44		1 1	
Lard (including neutral lard)	An .	2,903:	2,193:	354:	263
Sausage casings	do	623:	544:	139:	187
Eggs in the shell		105:	18:	35:	11
Miscellaneous		- :	- :	25:	4
Total other animal products		- :	- :	553:	465
Grains and grain products -	:	:	:	:	
Corn and cornneal c/	Thousand bu. :	415:	1,747:	409:	1,034
Rice, cleaned		4,787:		162:	189
Wheat and wheat flour d/	Thousand bu.	123:	6,040:	139:	6,918
Biscuits, unsweetened		796:	763:	g3:	. 36
Hominy and corn grits		7,586:	7,732:	153:	221
Others		- :	- :	345:	5,967
Total grains and grain	:	:	:	:	
products	:	-:	- :	1,291:	14,465
Vegetables -	:	:	:	:	
Potatocs	:Thousand lb. :	11,614:	15,312:	279:	245
Other fresh vegetables	:	- :	- :	3,409:	4,049
Conned vegetables		- :	- :	127:	80
Dried vegetables		- :	- :	31:	133
Vegetable preparations		- :	- :	166:	183
Total vogetables and	:	:	:	:	
vegetable preparations	:	- :	- :	4,062:	4,690
				Conti	inued -

TABLE 3. UNITED STATES: Exports to Consda of agricultural convodities on which duties were reduced, 1936 and 1937, conti

Unit

Commodity

Quantity :

: 1936 :1937 a/: 1936 :1937 a/

: : 1,000 : 1,000

Value

Fruits and fruit preparations -	*	: :		ollars:d					
Oranges e/	:Thousand bx.	: 1,019:	942:	2,622:	3,056				
Grapefruit		: 534:	604:	1,079:					
Apriles and pears		: 18,376:	24,469:	1,206:	748				
Other frush fruit		: - :			3,410				
Dried and evaporated fruit	: 0.0	: 4,751:	5,729:	373:	740				
Cannod and preserved fruit	: do	: 3,976:	6,192:	746:	530				
Total fruit and fruit	:	: :		:					
preparations	:	: - :	:	3,563:	9,535				
Nuts, excluding peanuts	:Thousand 1b.	2,525:	3,351:	472:	518				
Molasses	:Thousand gal.	: 457:	399:	67:	60				
Sirup, including maple				17:	57				
Malt extract and sirup				12:	. 15				
Fruit juices	:Thousand gal.	: 589:	326:	394:	515				
Field and garden seeds					11011				
Nursery and greenhouse stock		: , ,-, :	- :		275				
Miscellaneous items	* .	: :	:	5/4:	1,408				
Total	:	: :	:	17,229:	3.3,283				
	•								
Compiled from official records	of the Bureau				mmerce.				
a/ Preliminary.									
b/ Includes hans and shoulders, bacon, and Cumberland and Wiltshire sides.									
c/ Cornneal converted at the ra									

e/ January to April only, free entry having been granted for these months only.

d/ Wheat flour converted at the rate of 4.7 bushels of wheat to 1 barrel of

Imports of Concession Items

The 1937 increase in the value of imports from Canada upon which United States import duties were reduced resulted in total figures nearly 3 times as large as those in 1935, but only about 30 percent larger than the 1936 figures. Sustained imports of cattle were largely responsible for the increase in the total 1937 imports of low-duty items. See summary table 4 for annual imports of items upon which duties were reduced.

Cattle

The value of all cattle imported from Conada in 1937 was more than double the 1935 value and 55.5 percent larger than the 1936 value. The 1937 increase in value resulted largely from unusually high prices for cattle prevailing during most of the year. The number of cattle coming from Canada in 1937 increased to a much small extent than did the value. (See table 4.)

TABLE 4. UNITED STATES: Imports from Canada of agricultural commodities on which duties were reduced, 1936 and 1937

on which	duties were	reduced, 1	1936 and 19			
Commodity	Unit		ntity :	Value		
Commod 1 cy	OUT	1936	: 1937 a/ :		1937 a/	
	•	•		1,000:	1,000	
Cattle -	:	:	: : :	dollars:	dollars	
Weighing less than 175		:	:	•		
pounds	:1,000 head:	56:	: 81:	752:	1,246	
Dairy cows		7:	7:	352:	425	
Weighing 700 pounds or	:	11	:	:		
more		136:	157:	6,878:	11,007	
Total cattle		199:		7,982:		
Poultry -	:		:			
Live	:1.000 lb.	1,118	4,441:	176:	733	
Dead chickens and	•		, , , , , , ,		127	
guineas	do	172:	36:	41:	7	
Total poultry		1,290:			740	
Horses worth not over		1,200	7,7/1.	٠ باد یک	170	
\$150 each	· 1 000 hands	17:	10:	2,013:	1,189	
Dairy products -	. 1,000 neau	L (10.	€,U±).	1,109	
Cheddar cheese	· 1 000 15	10,730:	4,649:	1.464:	700	
	•		-	,	708 169	
Cream Total dairy products						
4 4		- :	701	1,529:		
Cereal breakfast foods						
Hay		74:	144:	541:	1,067	
Oats, hulled, unfit for		07.	7-/		7- 1	
human consumption	1,000 bu,	23:	<u>b</u> / :	6:	<u>b</u> /	
Vegetables -	1 000 11	170 (77)	100 000	010	alia	
Turnips and rutabagas.					841	
Seed potatoes (white).		43,752:	•	704:	725	
Peas, green c/		0:		0:	0	
Total vegetables			 	1,623:	1,566	
Fruits -		0 700			221	
Blueberries, frozen		2,122:		116:	204	
Apples		19:		33:		
Other		- :	:	೯೦:	113	
Total fruits	•	:	:	229:	356	
Grass and other forage		:	:	:		
seeds -		:	:	:		
Timothy	1,000 lb.:	176:		10:	7	
Canada blue grass		156:		17:	_ \ 17	
Other		6,872:		(55:	1,447	
Total grass, etc		7,204:		682:	1,471	
Maple sugar		5,206:		983:	91.5	
Total	3.4	To share the first	_ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	16,072:	20,940	
Compiled from official re	ecords of th	e Bureau o	f Foreign	and Domest:	ic Com-	
merce.						

merce.

 $[\]frac{a}{P}$ Preliminary. $\frac{b}{E}$ Less than 500. $\frac{c}{D}$ Duty reduced only from July 1 to September 30.

The 1937 quota for cattle weighing 700 pounds or more, totaling 155,799 head, was filled by mid-August. In 1936, the quota was not filled until the middle of November. Canada supplied 84.2 percent of the 1937 quota against 86.4 percent of the 1936 allotment, the remainder coming from Mexico in both years. The 1937 quota for calves weighing less than 175 pounds (51,933 head) was filled in June; in 1936 the quota was not filled until August. Canada supplied practically all of the quota calves in both years. The low-duty quota of 20,000 dairy cows, of which Canada supplied all, was used only to the extent of 33 percent in both years.

TABLE 5. CATTLE: Imports into the United States,
by months, 1936 and 1937

oy months, 1936 and 1937 : 700 pounds and over : Under 700 pounds :							
Origin	/00 pou	nds and o	ver :	Under	· 700 poun	d.s :	Total
rear and month	Dairy :	Other:		pounds :	175-699 pounds	Total	dutiable cattle
•	Wumber:	Number:	Number:	Mumber:	Number:	Number:	Number
CANADA :		\$ *	6	:	0		
1936 :		:		:			
Jan:		8,57 ¹¹ :	3,864:		832:	1,728:	
Feb:		5,683:	٤,864:		509:	1,739:	10,603
Mar:		14,604:	14,804:	2,135:	905:	3,040:	17,844
Apr		34,370:	34,696:	6,499:	3,250:	9,749:	
May:	920:	23,747:	24,667:		2,297:	11,334:	
June:	764:	20,738:	21,502:		2,548:	16,385:	
July:	564:	8,643:	9,207:	14,195:	2,406:	16,604:	
Aug:		5,035:	5,570:			6,665:	
Sept:		7,902:	8,717:			7,602:	
Oct:		2,581:	3,143:			6,978:	
Nov:	549:	1,303:	1,857:		4,495:	5,331:	
Dec:		343:	1,025:	1,093:	1,496:	2,589:	
Total.:	6,686:	136,533:	143,219:	55,695:	35,149:	90,344:	234,063
1937 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Jan:		21,536:	21,996:	4,190:	1,143:	5,333:	
Feb:	363:	14,120:	14,483:	6,500:	343:	· 6,843:	
Mar:	534:	14,150:	14,684:	7,064:	554:	7,618:	
Apr:	586:	11,152:	11,735:	9,549:	1439:	10,283:	
May:	489:	12,710:	13,199:		1,047:	16,054:	
June:	57 ¹ +:	11,095:	11,672:	14,668:	2,383:	17,051:	
July:	450:	24,449:	24,899:		6,479:	16,680:	
Aug	604:	27,704:	28,303:	5,162:	11,727:	16,539:	
Sept:	610:	s, 140:	8,750:	2,453:	10,663:	13,116:	
Oct:	676:	11,179:	11,555:	1,991:	10,363:	12,354:	
Nov:	705:	1,173:	1,583:	2,103:	4,199:	6,302:	
Dec:	667:	52:	71.9:	1,604:	<u>515:</u>	2,119:	
Total.:	6,723:	157,463:	164,191:	(0,792:	50,355:	131,147:	295,338
1933 :	:	:	:	:	•	:	
Jan:	420:	3,361:	4,289:	3,730:	112:	3,942:	8,231
						Con	timued -

- 9 -

TABLE 5. CATTLE: Imports into the United States, by months. 1936 and 1937, contid

by months, 1930; and 1937, cont'd										
Origin	700 por	inds and o	over :		700 poun	ids	Total			
year and nonth	Dairy	Other	Total	Under 175 pounds	175-699 pounds	Total	dutiable cattle			
71. 77	Number:	Number :	Number.	Number:	Number::	Number	Number			
MEXICO :			of the second	:						
1936	di ta		in in the first			1	•			
Jan	0:	2,319:	2,319	161:	i8,338;	g,499;				
Feb	0:	3,291:	3,291:	32:	13,819:	13,851	17,142			
Mar	0:	6,053:	6,053:	. 33:		27,030	33,033			
Apr	0:	3,191:	3,191:	266:	30,372:	30,638	33,829			
May	0:			128:	14,727:	14,855:	15,552			
June										
July:	: 0:	1,306:	. ::1,306:	831:	5,346:	6,227	7,533			
Aug.		2/1		-93:	5,347:	5,440				
Sept:				9:	5,773:		5,827			
Oct		: 178		. 0:		9,630:	9,803			
Nov		587:		. 0:	4,295:	4,293	4,825			
Dec		30:				8,493:	g,525			
Total.:	0:	22,190:	22,190:	1,615:	140,2,41:	141,356	164,046			
1937			,	*** *** *******************************	a set 100 i to garancettavidare	P Name 1 44				
Jan			6,327:	10:		16,443				
Fcb		3,475			1 4 1 1	13,060:				
Mar:		4,352:				22,221	26,573			
Apr:		3,549:	3,549:	255:		30,317:				
May		4,541:	4,341:	: 13:		35,048	39,889			
June:		906:		636:		11,673:				
July:		347:		. 0:		2,494:				
Aug		621:	621:	:61:		10,485:				
Sept:		7:	7:	· 0:	6,311:	6,311:				
Oct:		67:	67:	0:	7,965:	7,965:	8,032			
Nov:		554:	224:	. 0:	7,533:	7,533:				
Dec:		0:	0:	. 0:	5,426:	5,426:				
Total.:		24,792:	24,792:	1,259:	172,717:	173,976:	198,768			
1938 :		:	:		:					
Jan:	0:	4,213:	4,213:	58 :	9,855:	9,913:	14,126			
:		:		:	:					

Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

Imports of dutiable cattle from all sources in 1937, at 494,945 head, were 24 percent larger than comparable 1936 imports. A feature of the 1937 imports from Canada has been the much smaller variation in monthly imports than in 1936. Prices during most of 1937 averaged consistently higher than in 1936, but for most months imports from Canada ranged between 21,000 and 29,000 head. Total imports were the largest of any year since 1929. They were not sufficiently large, however, to

offset the factors operating in the United States to place the year's average farm price of beef cattle well above that of 1936 and higher than for any year since 1930, despite the sharp downward movement developed in November and December, when imports were small.

Cheddar cheese

The 1937 decline in imports of Cheddar cheese resulted in a trade valued at less than half that of 1936. Cheese imports in 1937 were smaller in spite of the fact that United States prices averaged higher in 1937 than for any year since 1930. The 1937 business in cheese, however, was much larger than that of 1935. Imports of Canadian Cheddar cheese in 1937 resulted in a total volume 57 percent smaller than that of 1936, and a decline in value of 52 percent.

TABLE 6. CHEDDAR CHEESE: United States production, and imports from Canada, by months, average 1925-29, annual 1936 and 1937

Tron Canada, by monuts, average 1920-29, annual 1930 and 1931									
	Avera	ge 1925	-29		1936			1937 al	
	1		Percent			Percent			Percent
M 41.		Imports	imports		Imports	imports	53 2	Imports	imports
Month	Produc-	from	are of	Produc-	from	are of	Produc-	from	are of
	tion		produc-	tion	Canada	produc-	tion	Canada	produc-
		\$	tion	1 1	1	tion	1 1	1	tion
	1,000	1,000	•	1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000	1
	pounds	pounds	Percent	pounds	pounds	Percent	pounds	pounds	Percent
Jan	18,190	467	2.57	28,881	707	2.45	27,346	396	1.45
Feb	18,717	284	1.52	26,211	605	2.31	26,626	529	1.99
Mar	23,128	337	1.46	30,804	1,526	4.95	31,359	886	2.83
Apr	27,809	.328	1.18	35,324	373	1.06	37,150	331	0.89
May	38,224	424	1.11	53,008	121	0.28	52,778	212	0.40
June.	46,061	756	1.64	64,145	493	0.77	62,341	425	0.68
July.	42,029	742	1.77	51,029		3.55	51,430	140	0.27
Aug	34,976	595	1.70	45,228			46,042	316	0.69
Sept.		509	1.73	44,933		1	42,533	458	1.08
Oct	25,105	1,159	4.62	45,629		1	38,363	829	2.16
Nov	18,224	1,342	7.36	33,088	184	0.56	29,918	48	0.16
Dec	17,375	1,273	7.33	29,296		1.93	27,645	79	0.29
Total	339,299			487,576		2.21	473,531		0.98
									ı

Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

a Preliminary.

The 1937 imports of Cheddar cheese from Canada represented 0.98 percent of United States production for the same period. In 1936, imports from Canada represented 2.21 percent of production. (See table 6.) The United States takes a relatively small part of the Canadian exports of cheese, most of which go to the United Kingdom. The improved market in that country and a somewhat increased Canadian consumption, were the chief reasons for the

smaller 1937 shipments to the United States. Total exports of cheese from Canada in 1937 reached about 89,000,000 pounds, an increase of about 7,000,000 pounds over the 1935 exports. Of the 1937 total about 91 percent went to the United Kingdom, and about 5 percent to the United States.

Cream ...

The relatively small 1937 import business in fluid cream showed a value more than twice as large as the 1936 figures. Most of the cream entered the New England territory, where butterfat prices in 1937 averaged higher than in 1936 and higher than for the country as a whole. Imports of fluid cream during 1937, practically all of which came from Canada, totaled about 137,000 gallons. This figure is nearly three times as large as the 1936 imports, but represents less than 10 percent of the annual low-duty quota of 1,500,000 gallons. The import movement reached a nonthly high point of about 22,000 gallons in June, but imports in subsequent months have had a fairly steady downward trend. (See table 7.)

TABLE 7. CREAM: Imports into the United States from Canada and

total	imports,	by months,	1976 and 19	137	
		193	:6	1937	7 a/
Month	. ,	Canada	Total	Canada	Total
		Gallons	Gallons :	Gallons	Gallons
January			. 10 248	5,420 3,780	5,494 3,899
MarchApril		1,035: : 2,012	2,043:	6,822	6,909 4,919
June		1,132	1,761 : 1,136 : 789 :	-71-21	: 13,256 : 22,244 : 17,980
July. August September		1,922	1,922 : 6,692 :	15,490	15,512 13,229
October		9,297	9,297 11,652	,	14,126
December		7,766 44,053	1 9	7,600 136,034	7,724
		•			•

Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

a/Preliminary.

Certified seed potatous

Imports of seed potatoes, although smaller in volume, were slightly larger in value than in 1936, and the trade was considerably larger than in 1935. The annual low-duty quota (750,000 bushels) for white certified seed potatoes was entirely utilized in 1936 and 1937. In both years the

quotas were filled late in November. A small quantity of full-duty seed rotatoes also was imported in 1937. In that year, spring imports were larger than in 1936. In the first 7 months of the quota year beginning December 1, 1936, the quota was \$1.0 percent filled as against 55.4 percent in the corresponding 1935-36 period. March and April are the first 2 months in which the 45-cent rate applies; and in 1937 imports in those months alone accounted for 66.9 percent of the quota against 43.3 percent in 1936. Imports by months for the last 2 quota years appear in table 5.

TABLE 8. POTATOES: Imports into the United States from Canada and

		total	imports b	y months,	1935-36	and 1936	-37	
:		1935	- 36		•	1.936-3	7 a/	
Month	Certifi	ied seed:	Tot	al	: Certif:	ed serd:	Tot	al ·
MOUNT CIL	potat	thes $b/:$	pota	toes	: pota	thes b/ :	nota	toos
	Canada:	Total:	Canada :	Total	Canada	Total:	Canada :	Total
:	Bushels:	Bushels:	Bushels:	Bushels	:Bushels:	Bushels:	Bushels:	Bushels
. :		:	:		•	:	:	
Dec:	25,617:	25,617:	33,797:	41,750	: 8,405	8,405:	64,453:	75,297.
Jan	20,634:	20,634:	30,300:	35,227	: 8,291	8,291:	102,967:	115,869
Feb	3,202:	8,202:	15,238:	30,621	8,765	g,765:	68,047:	76,556
Mar	183,919:	188,919:	190,632:	206,862	: 367,71.7:	367,71.7:	401,136:	410,610
Apr	135,599:	135,599:	174,448:	190,352	:134,014	134,014:	158,505:	162,366
May:	19,964:	19,964:	65,877:	67,044	: 77,054:	77,054:	89,587:	90,149
June	16,633:	16,645:	217,481:	225,008	: 3,157:	3,157:	18,026:	
July	25:	25:	59,937:	60,246	: 750:	750:	g76:	876
Aug	2,492:	2,432:	12,554:	12,514	0:	0:	31:	71.
Sept:	2,671:	2,671:	3,155:	3,322	: 31,255:	31,255:	32,273:	
Oct:	49,523:	49,523:	52,001:	52,001	: 66,840:	. 66,340:	67,325:	
Nev	276,302:	276,302:	313,045:	314,535	: 46,727:	46,727:	47,166:	47,623
		:	:			: . :	•	·
Total:	746,581:	746,596:	1,168,521:	1,233,782	:752,975	752,975:	1,050,397:	1,093,016
		:	:		•	: :	Damastia	

Compiled from official records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. a/ Preliminary.

b/ Quota year begins December 1. The year 1935-36 was the first quota year.

Poultry

Imports of live poultry from Canada reached a considerably higher total value and volume in 1937 than in either of the 2 preceding years. The larger imports were accompanied by United States farm prices that averaged slightly higher for chickens than in 1936 or 1935. The national average farm price in 1937 was the highest since 1930. Farmers also received more money for turkeys in 1937 than in 1936. With the exception of 1935, the 1937 average farm price of turkeys was the highest since 1931. Imports of dressed poultry were much smaller in both volume and value in 1937 than in the preceding year.

Other products

Imports of turnips and rutabagas also were smaller than in 1936 and were 3.6 percent lower in value. The value of total imports of fruit in 1937 was 55 percent larger than in 1936, with frozen blueberries registering the greatest gain in the group. Little increase was noted in the usually small imports of Canadian apples.

The larger imports of grass and other forage seeds resulted in more than doubling the value of those imports over the 1936 figures, which in turn were substantially larger than those of 1935. Imports of maple sugar, however, were about 7 percent lower in value than 1936 imports.

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